



University of Kentucky
UKnowledge

International Grassland Congress Proceedings

XXI International Grassland Congress / VIII
International Rangeland Congress

Rangeland Day as a Tool for Monitoring Propagation

M. Azimi

Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands of Iran, Iran

Mehdi Farahpour

Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands of Iran, Iran

M. Borhani

Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands of Iran, Iran

Hossein Arzani

University of Tehran, Iran

Follow this and additional works at: <https://uknowledge.uky.edu/igc>



Part of the [Plant Sciences Commons](#), and the [Soil Science Commons](#)

This document is available at <https://uknowledge.uky.edu/igc/21/23-1/38>

The XXI International Grassland Congress / VIII International Rangeland Congress took place in Hohhot, China from June 29 through July 5, 2008.

Proceedings edited by Organizing Committee of 2008 IGC/IRC Conference

Published by Guangdong People's Publishing House

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by the Plant and Soil Sciences at UKnowledge. It has been accepted for inclusion in International Grassland Congress Proceedings by an authorized administrator of UKnowledge. For more information, please contact UKnowledge@lsv.uky.edu.

Rangeland day as a tool for monitoring propagation

M . Azimi , M . Farahpour , M . Borhani

Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands of Iran , Isfahan Natural resource research center and H . Arzani⁴ , University of Tehran , harzani@ut.ac.ir

Introduction Rangeland day which is an occasion created to put researcher , ranger and extension together to inform them range monitoring program results was conducted in four provinces in Iran . The benefit of such an action are ; Participants could get informed on monitoring research plan , discuss the process and talk about future of monitoring and the way they can help it . There is a nine years monitoring plan run by Research Institute of Forest and Rangelands of Iran . The result of which is reported on rangeland day in a region . The report is presented and mind storm session is held to let the participant to actively take part in discussions .

Method On scheduled program directors , experts and ranger are calling in the monitoring site (Figure 1) . The site is a tract of land locating on more or less unique characteristics such as soil , climate , topography and other biotic factors and should be representative of its vast adjacent areas (Heidary , 1991) (Figure 2) . When the session is over a questioner is distributed to evaluate the results .

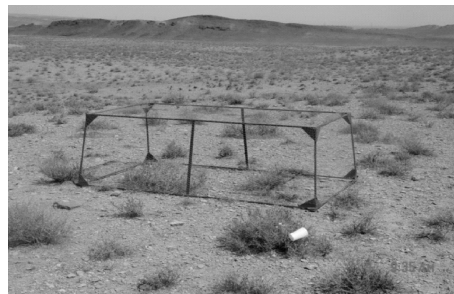


Figure 1 A monitoring site located in Kalahrood in an arid zone of Isfahan province .

Results and discussion Results shows that participants believe in rangeland day and look at it as an influential method of seminar (Figure 2) . The results showed that technical comments are more easily accepted by people . Official staffs are able to talk to the users in person . This close relation could be the start of a well defined cooperation in the future .

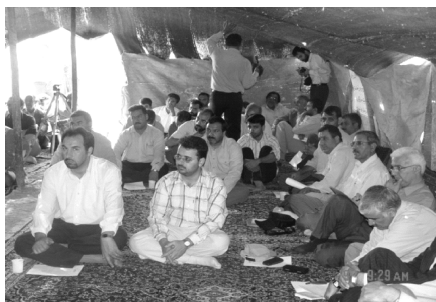


Figure 2 Presenting the results of monitoring program in a tent or nearest building to the site .

Reference

Heidary , H . 1991 , Site concept and its application in range monitoring , Seminar , I . F . R . I .